Audited Financial Statements
Renaissance Public School Academy
Mount Pleasant, Michigan
June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Renaissance Public School Academy

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Public School Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Renaissance Public School Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Public School Academy, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Renaissance Public School Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Renaissance Public School Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Renaissance Public School Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Renaissance Public School Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as detailed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Renaissance Public School Academy's basic financial statements. The accompanying additional supplementary information, as identified in the Table of Contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2023, on our consideration of Renaissance Public School Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Renaissance Public School Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Renaissance Public School Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, Michigan October 30, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Renaissance Public School Academy is Kindergarten through 8th grade Public School Academy located in Mount Pleasant, Michigan. This Management's Discussion and Analysis, a requirement of GASB 34, is intended to be the Renaissance Public School Academy administration's discussion and analysis of the financial results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE ACADEMY

Table 1 - Basic Financial Information

	Curr	ent Fiscal Year	P	rior Fiscal Year
State Aid Funding Per Pupil	\$	9,150	\$	8,700
Enrollment		425.64		417.81
General Fund Balance Increase/(Decrease)	\$	274,901	\$	271,185
General Fund Balance as Percent of Unrestricted State Aid Revenue		56%		59%

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) according to GASB 34 requires the reporting of two types of financial statements: Academy-wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

For the most part, the fund financial statements are comparable to general purpose financial statements. The primary difference is that the Account Groups: General Fixed Assets and General Long-Term Debt are no longer reported. The fund level statements are reported on a modified accrual basis. Only those assets that are "measurable" and "currently available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

The fund statements are formatted to comply with the legal requirements of the Michigan Department of Education's "Accounting Manual." In the State of Michigan, the Academy's major instruction and instructional support activities are reported in the General Fund. Additional governmental activities are reported in their relevant Special Revenue Funds.

In the fund financial statement, capital assets purchased are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition. No asset is reported. The issuance of debt is recorded as a financial resource. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. Future year's debt obligations are not recorded.

The academy has one kind of fund:

Governmental fund – Most of the Academy's basic services are included in governmental funds which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Academy's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the academy-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

ACADEMY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The Academy-wide financial statements are maintained using the "full accrual" basis. They report all of the Academy's assets and liabilities, both short and long term, regardless if they are "currently available" or not. For example, assets that are restricted for use in the Debt Funds solely for the payment of long term principal or interest are grouped with unrestricted assets of the General Fund. Capital assets and long-term obligations of the Academy are reported in the Statement of Net Position of the Academy-wide financial statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Academy's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of the annual report are arranged and related to one another.

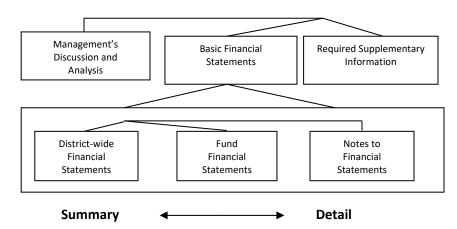


Figure A-1 Organization of Renaissance Public School Academy Annual Financial Report

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the Academy's financial statements, including the portion of the Academy's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A – 2 Major Features of the Academy-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Academy-wide	Fund Financial Statement

	Academy-wide	Fund Financial Statements
	statements	
Scope	Entire academy (except	All activities of the academy that are not
	fiduciary funds)	fiduciary
Required financial statements	* Statement of net	* Balance sheet
	position	* Statement of revenues, expenditures and
	* Statement of activities	changes in fund balances
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting and current
measurement focus	economic resources focus	financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities,	Generally, assets expected to be used up and
information	both financial and capital,	liabilities that come due during the year or
	short-term and long-term	soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term
		liabilities included
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash is received during or
information	expenses during year,	soon after the end of the year, expenditures
	regardless of when cash is	when goods or services have been received and
	received or paid	the related liability is due and payable

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ACADEMY AS A WHOLE

Table 2 - Financial Results

	Curr	ent Fiscal Year	Prior Fiscal Year		
Ending General Fund Balance	\$	2,437,701	\$	2,162,800	
Total General Fund Revenue	\$	5,523,762	\$	4,888,247	
State Aid Foundation Allowance as percent of Academy Revenues		79%		74%	
Total Cost of Instructional Programs	\$	2,755,955	\$	2,523,670	
Instructional Expenditures as percent of Total Expenditures		53% 55%			
Total Cost of Support/Operational Services	\$	2,068,945	\$	1,672,556	
Support/Operational Services as percent of Total Expenditures	39%			36%	
Total Expenditures transferred to Debt Service	\$	423,961	\$	420,836	
Transfer to Debt Service as percent of Total Expenditures	8% 9%			9%	

ACADEMY GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Summary of Net Position

The following summarizes the net position at fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

Table 3 - Net Position Detail

	 2023	2022
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 3,125,482	\$ 2,927,600
Capital Assets	7,109,192	6,771,875
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (1,751,045)	(1,524,396)
Capital Assets, Net Book Value	 5,358,147	5,247,479
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 8,483,629	\$ 8,175,079
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	\$ 815,898	\$ 883,280
Long-term Liabilities	 3,616,498	3,805,535
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 4,432,396	\$ 4,688,815
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt (Deficit)	\$ 1,552,612	\$ 1,261,176
Restricted	660,218	632,285
Unrestricted	 1,838,403	1,592,803
Total Net Position	\$ 4,051,233	\$ 3,486,264

Results of Operations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 the Academy-wide results of operations were:

Table 4 - Change in Net Position

	2023		2022	
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
General Revenue:				
State of Michigan Aid - All Sources	\$ 3,903,116	67.58% \$	3,640,388	69.76%
Other	 451,607	7.82%	339,316	6.50%
Total General Revenue	 4,354,723	75.40%	3,979,704	76.26%
Program Revenue:				
Charges for Services	35,201	0.61%	-	0.00%
Operating Grants - Federal and State	 1,385,839	23.99%	1,239,170	23.74%
Total Program Revenue	1,421,040	24.60%	1,239,170	23.74%
Total Revenue	5,775,763	100.00%	5,218,874	100.00%
Expenses:				
Instruction and Instructional Services	2,755,955	52.89%	2,523,670	52.48%
Support Services	1,740,311	33.40%	1,518,922	31.59%
Food Service	171,633	3.29%	295,973	6.16%
Community Services	74,826	1.44%	22,393	0.47%
Unallocated Depreciation / Amortization	226,649	4.35%	195,672	4.07%
Interest on Long-term Debt	 241,420	4.63%	251,487	5.23%
Total Expenses	5,210,794	100.00%	4,808,117	100.00%
Change in Net Position	\$ 564,969	\$	410,757	

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Academy's net position increased by \$564,969 as compared to a net increase of \$410,757 in the prior fiscal year.

State of Michigan Aid and Other Factors Affecting Revenue

The State of Michigan aid is determined by the following variables:

- Per Student Foundation Allowance: Annually, the State of Michigan sets the per student foundation allowance. The Renaissance Public School Academy foundation allowance was \$9,150.
- Student Enrollment: The Academy's student enrollment for the fall count of 2022-23 was 426 students. To calculate total state aid to be provided by the foundation allowance, a system (Section 25) where the funding follows the student was used. This means adjustments were made to the current year fall count when students enrolled or unenrolled until the current year winter count to calculate the adjusted fall count. A blend of 90% of the adjusted current year fall count and 10% of the prior year spring count is multiplied by the Academy's foundation allowance.
- Total Section 25 adjustment was 1.34 FTE or \$12,261.
- Additional federal funding was available during the 2022-23 fiscal year to supplement programs. This funding is expected to be available again in fiscal year 2023-24.

Subsequent to year end June 30, 2023, preliminary student enrollments for 2023-24 indicate that the 2023 fall student enrollment should be in line with 2022-23 student levels.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Directors approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to July 1, the start of the fiscal year. Over the course of the year, the Academy revised the annual operating budget two times. These budget amendments fall into several categories:

Changes were made in the second and fourth quarters to account change in student enrollment, federal funding, and changes in assumptions (e.g. staffing changes, instructional, transportation, food services and community services) since the original budget was adopted.

The Academy's revenues from General Fund operations exceeded expenditures by \$274,901 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Academy's net investment in capital assets increased by \$110,668 during the fiscal year. This can be summarized as follows:

Table 5 - Capital Assets

	Beginning						Ending
Bala	ance 6/30/22	-	Additions		Disposals	Bala	ance 6/30/23
\$	202,154	\$	-	\$	-	\$	202,154
	6,569,721		337,317		-		6,907,038
	. =						. ==
	1,524,396		226,649		-		1,751,045
\$	5,247,479	\$	110,668	\$	-	\$	5,358,147
		6,569,721 1,524,396	\$ 202,154 \$ 6,569,721 1,524,396	Balance 6/30/22 Additions \$ 202,154 \$ - 6,569,721 337,317 1,524,396 226,649	\$ 202,154 \$ - \$ 6,569,721 337,317 1,524,396 226,649	Balance 6/30/22 Additions Disposals \$ 202,154 \$ - \$ - 6,569,721 337,317 - 1,524,396 226,649 -	Balance 6/30/22 Additions Disposals Balance \$ 202,154 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 6,569,721 337,317 - 1,524,396 226,649 -

Depreciation/Amortization Expense

GASB 34 requires Public School Academies to maintain a record of annual depreciation/amortization expense and accumulated depreciation/amortization. The net increase in accumulated depreciation/amortization expense is a reduction in net position in the entity-wide financial statements. Depreciation/amortization is not recognized in the fund financial statements and has been noted as a reconciling item in the Academy's financial statements.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the net increase in accumulated depreciation/amortization was \$226,649.

Depreciation/amortization expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of assets. In accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), depreciation/amortization expense is recorded based on the original cost of the asset, less an estimated salvage value.

Debt, Principal Payments

A summary of long-term debt service activities is as follows:

Table 6 - Debt, Principal Payments

	 Balance 6/30/2022		New Financings		Principal Payments	Balance 6/30/2023		
Revenue Bonds Notes and Lease Payable	\$ 3,060,000 926,303	\$	-	\$	135,000 45,768	\$	2,925,000 880,535	
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 3,986,303	\$	-	\$	180,768	\$	3,805,535	

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE ACADEMY'S FUTURE

The Preliminary Budget for the 2023-24 Fiscal Year was adopted by the Board of Directors in June 2023. Few definite factors were known as the budget was being drafted, and others were unknown and needed to be projected with management's best estimates based on perceived interest from the community. Some key factors and estimates used in the 2023-24 budget preparation process include:

- Conservative enrollment projections of 425 students in grades K-8.
- State Aid Foundation is estimated with a \$250 per pupil increase, subsequent to year end the Foundation allowance was increased by \$458 per pupil.
- Continued improvement of academic achievement through changes in academic programs.

Since the Academy's revenue is heavily dependent on State funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriation to School Districts and Public School Academies. The State periodically holds revenue-estimating conferences to estimate what the State's available resources will be throughout the remainder of its fiscal year. In spite of the current economic uncertainties we remain cautiously confident that the State will find the resources to sufficiently fund current appropriations.

CONTACTING THE ACADEMY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to demonstrate the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Academy's office at 2797 S. Isabella Road, Mount Pleasant, Michigan.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,302,379
Investments	560,410
Due from other governmental units	1,186,733
Prepaid expenses	75,960
Total current assets	3,125,482
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization	5,358,147
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 8,483,629
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 29,132
Unearned revenue	224,900
Other accrued expenses	372,829
Long-term debt - current portion	 189,037
Total current liabilities	815,898
Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion	3,616,498
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,552,612
Restricted	660,218
Unrestricted	1,838,403
Total net position	 4,051,233

Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position

8,483,629

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<u></u>	expenses	harges for Services	R	Program Revenues Operating Grants	Re ¹ C N Go	t (Expense) venues and hanges in et Position overnment be Activities
Functions							
Instruction							
Basic programs	\$	1,930,244	\$ -	\$	75,866	\$	(1,854,378)
Added needs		825,711	-		686,782		(138,929)
Support services							
Pupil support services		105,431	-		25,796		(79,635)
Instructional staff support services		256,389	-		224,967		(31,422)
General administration		353,156	-		-		(353,156)
School administration		480,270	-		-		(480,270)
Business support services		5,250	-		-		(5,250)
Operations and maintenance		316,619	-		23,394		(293,225)
Pupil transportation services		16,747	-		250		(16,497)
Central support services		97,906	-		43,710		(54,196)
Athletic activities		26,870	-		-		(26,870)
Other student activities		73,760	-		-		(73,760)
Food services		171,633	35,201		172,549		36,117
Community services		74,826	-		132,525		57,699
Site improvement services		7,913	-		-		(7,913)
Unallocated depreciation / amortization		226,649	-		-		(226,649)
Unallocated interest		241,420	 				(241,420)
Total primary government	\$	5,210,794	\$ 35,201	\$	1,385,839		(3,789,754)
General Purpose Revenues							
State school aid - unrestricted							3,903,116
Miscellaneous revenues							451,607
Total general purpose revenues							4,354,723
Change in net position							564,969
Net position - July 1, 2022							3,486,264
Net position - June 30, 2023						\$	4,051,233

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		General	Non-Major		 Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,249,226	\$	53,153	\$ 1,302,379
Investments		560,410		-	560,410
Due from other governmental units		1,186,733		-	1,186,733
Due from other funds		-		46,734	46,734
Prepaid expenses		75,960			 75,960
Total assets	\$	3,072,329	\$	99,887	\$ 3,172,216
LIABILI	TIES AND FUN	ID BALANCE			
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	29,132	\$	-	\$ 29,132
Due to other funds		46,655		79	46,734
Unearned revenue		224,900		-	224,900
Other accrued expenses		333,941		-	 333,941
Total liabilities		634,628		79	634,707
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable		75,960		-	75,960
Restricted		560,410		99,808	660,218
Unassigned		1,801,331			1,801,331
Total fund balance		2,437,701		99,808	 2,537,509
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	3,072,329	\$	99,887	\$ 3,172,216

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 2,537,509
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$7,109,192 and the accumulated depreciation / amortization is \$1,751,045.	5,358,147
Interest is not payable until due in governmental activities and, therefore, is not recorded in the funds.	(38,888)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(3,805,535)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,051,233

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General		Non-Major		Total
Revenues					
Local sources	\$	254,373	\$	88,592	\$ 342,965
State sources		4,376,370		5,693	4,382,063
Federal sources		749,176		166,755	915,931
Interdistrict sources		143,843		-	 143,843
Total governmental fund revenues		5,523,762		261,040	5,784,802
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Basic programs		1,930,244		-	1,930,244
Added needs		825,711		-	825,711
Support services					
Pupil support services		105,431		-	105,431
Instructional staff support services		256,389		-	256,389
General administration		353,156		-	353,156
School administration		480,270		-	480,270
Business support services		5,250		-	5,250
Operations and maintenance		306,870		9,749	316,619
Pupil transportation services		16,747		-	16,747
Central support services		97,906		-	97,906
Athletic activities		26,870		-	26,870
Other student activities		-		73,760	73,760
Food services		-		171,633	171,633
Community services		74,826		-	74,826
Site Improvement services		7,913		-	7,913
Capital outlay		337,317		-	337,317
Debt principal and interest		423,961			 423,961
Total governmental fund expenditures		5,248,861		255,142	 5,504,003
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		274,901		5,898	280,799
Fund balance - July 1, 2022		2,162,800		93,910	2,256,710
Fund balance - June 30, 2023	\$	2,437,701	\$	99,808	\$ 2,537,509

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund	ls		\$ 280,799
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expering the statement of activities, assets are capitalized allocated over their estimated useful lives and report and amortization expense. This is the amount by we exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current.	l and the orted as o which cap	cost is depreciation ital outlays	
Capital outlay Depreciation and amortization expense	\$	337,317 (226,649)	110,668
Revenue is reported in the statement of activities very reported in the funds until collected or collectible very			(9,039)
The governmental funds report loan proceeds as ar source, while repayment of loan principal is report expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expendit governmental funds when it is due. The net effect in the treatment of general loan obligations is as for	ted as ar ure in th of these	e	
Repayment of loan principal Interest expense	\$	180,768 1,773	 182,541
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 564,969

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Renaissance Public School Academy (the "Academy") conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public school academies. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

Renaissance Public School Academy was formed as a public school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Acts of 1994. The Academy filed articles of incorporation as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the provisions of the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act of 1982, as amended, on June 5, 1996, and began operation in July 1996.

In June 2022, the Academy extended a contract with Central Michigan University's Board of Trustees to charter a public school academy through June 30, 2029. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State constitution. The University's Board of Trustees is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays Central Michigan University's Board of Trustees three percent of state aid as administrative fees. The total administrative fees paid for the year ended June 30, 2023 were approximately \$119,400.

In July 2022, the Academy extended an agreement with Partner Solutions for Schools "Partner Solutions" to run concurrently with the authorizer agreement. Under the terms of this agreement, Partner Solutions provides financial management services as well as human resource functions. The Academy is obligated to pay Partner Solutions an annual fee equal to 3% of its per pupil funding and 2.75% to 5% of its gross payroll. The total paid for these services amounted to approximately \$213,800 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the public school academy. Based on application of criteria, the Academy does not contain component units.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Academy. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Academy are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of a fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the combined financial statements in this report, into generic fund types in two broad fund categories.

Governmental Funds

A governmental fund is a fund through which most Academy functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Academy's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities, are accounted for through a governmental fund.

General Fund - The general fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

Special Revenue Fund (Food Service) - The special revenue fund is used to account for the food service program operations. The special revenue fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund. Therefore, any shortfall in the special revenue fund will be covered by an operating transfer from the general fund.

Special Revenue Fund (Student Activities) – The Academy presently maintains an activity fund to record the transactions of student groups for school and school-related purposes. The student activity fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund. Therefore, any shortfall in the student activity fund will be covered by an operating transfer from the general fund.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, is used to record certain revenue and the payment of interest, principal and other expenditures on long-term debt.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Governmental and agency funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Modifications in such method from the accrual basis are as follows:

- a. Revenue that is both measurable and available for use to finance operations is recorded as revenue when earned. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.
- b. Payments for inventoriable types of supplies, which are not significant at year end, are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- c. Principal and interest of general long-term debt are not recorded as expenditures until their due dates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

d. The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance funding approach, which provides for specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenue from state sources is primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law. A major portion of the Academy's revenue is derived from this state aid. As such, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on this aid. The Academy's existence is dependent upon qualification for such aid.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Academy and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Academy does not allocate indirect expenses to programs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the Academy has eliminated inter-fund transactions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or function is self financing or draws from the general revenues of the Academy. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Academy's policy to use restricted resources first.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Academy first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Academy's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Academy reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. Under these standards, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Academy intends to hold the investment until maturity. The Academy held investments in mutual funds that invest solely in U.S. Treasury obligations. The funds are held in trust for debt service and capital projects. State statutes authorize the Academy to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, saving accounts, deposit accounts, and or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Academy is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 consist primarily of state school aid due from the State of Michigan and the federal government. All receivables are expected to be fully collected in July and August of 2023 and are considered current for the purposes of these financial statements.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions or retirements during the year. The Academy follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a useful life of less than one year. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure assets.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Right to use assets of the Academy are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease/subscription period or the estimated useful lives. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and improvements10-50 yearsFurniture and equipment5-15 yearsComputers and software3-10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the non-current portion of capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws of regulations of other governments.

Fund Equity

The Academy has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. The intention of the GASB is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Academy's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. This category typically includes prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- a. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- b. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes action to remove or change the constraint.
- c. Assigned fund balance amounts the Board intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or committee to which the Board delegates the authority.
- d. *Unassigned fund balance* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The Academy follows the policy that restricted, committed, or assigned amounts will be considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unassigned and restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances are available. There are no governmental funds with a deficit.

Leases

Leases and Subscription Based IT Arrangements (SBITA)

The Academy is a lessee for a noncancelable lease of office equipment. The Academy recognizes a lease/SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use lease/SBITA asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease/subscription, the Academy initially measures the lease/SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease/SBITA term. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease/SBITA payments made. The lease/SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease/SBITA liability, adjusted for lease/SBITA payments made at or before the lease/SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases included how the Academy determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease/SBITA payments to present value, (2) lease/SBITA term, and (3) lease/SBITA payments.

- The Academy uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged
 by the lessor is not provided, the Academy generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the
 discount rate for leases/SBITA.
- The lease/SBITA term includes the noncancelable period of the lease/subscription. Lease/SBITA payments included in the measurement of the lease/SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Academy is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Academy monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease/SBITA and will remeasure the lease/SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease/SBITA liability.

Lease/SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and lease/SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a consistent basis with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances are not formally recorded.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the Academy to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. The Academy is required by law to adopt general and special revenue fund budgets. During the year ended June 30, 2023 the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. Page 19 of these financial statements contains an analysis and comparison of actual expenditures to board appropriations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2023, the Academy had the following investments:

Туре		S&P Rating	Maturities	Carı	ying Value
Deposits:					
De	emand deposits			\$	1,302,379
Investments:	:				
U.S	S. Treasury and agency obligations	AAAm	Various		560,410
	Total deposits and investments			\$	1,862,789
The above am	nounts are reported in the financial statements as follo	ws:			
Deposits:					
Cas	sh - General fund			\$	1,249,226
Cas	sh - Student activities fund				53,153
Investments:	:				
	vestments - General fund				560,410
	Total deposits and investments			\$	1,862,789

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Academy will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2023, the Academy's investments were rated AAAm by Standards & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Academy will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Academy's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2023, \$1,314,892 of the Academy's cash was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. All cash balances were uncollateralized as of June 30, 2023.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Academy will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Academy will do business.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Academy is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Fair Value

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Academy has the ability to access.
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- c. Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The observable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Academy's own data.)

The Academy does not have any investments that are subject to the fair value measurement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units consist of the following:

State sources	\$ 798,734
Federal sources	 387,999
Total	\$ 1,186,733

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

		Balance						Balance
	Jι	July 1, 2022		Additions Disposals		posals	Ju	ne 30, 2023
Capital assets not subject to depreciation								
Land	\$	202,154	\$	-	\$	-	\$	202,154
Capital assets subject to depreciation								
/ amortization								
Right to use - equipment		5,058		-		-		5,058
Building		5,901,622		79,944		-		5,981,566
Equipment		472,437		88,092		-		560,529
Other		190,604		169,281		-		359,885
Total asset cost basis		6,771,875		337,317		-		7,109,192
Accumulated depreciation / amortization								
Right to use - equipment		961		1,117		-		2,078
Building		1,038,877		197,489		-		1,236,366
Equipment		382,382		16,025		-		398,407
Other		102,176		12,018				114,194
Sub total		1 524 206		226 640				1 751 045
Sub-total		1,524,396		226,649				1,751,045
Total net capital assets	\$	5,247,479	\$	110,668	\$		\$	5,358,147

Depreciation and amortization expense was not charge to activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 6 – OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES

Other accrued expenses may be summarized as follows:

	Net	t Position		Funds
Purchased services - payroll and benefits	\$	310,106	\$	310,106
University oversight fee		23,835		23,835
Interest		38,888		
Total other accrued expenses	\$	372,829	\$	333,941

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE

Long-term obligations as of June 30, 2023 can be summarized as follows:

Loan Information

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date		Other			
Direct borrowing - equipment	4.50%	October, 2024	Interest and principal payable once monthly.				
Revenue bond	Average Rate of 6.75%	June, 2037	Interest and principal payable twice yearly. Secured by facilities and pledge for 20% of state school aid payments.				
Capital project	7%	May, 2035	Interest and principal payable once monthly.				
Loan Activity							
	Balance		Retirements	Balance	Due Within		
	July 1, 2022	Additions	and Payments	June 30, 2023	One Year		
Direct borrowing - equipment Revenue bond Capital project	\$ 3,606 3,060,000 922,697	\$ - - -	\$ 1,499 135,000 44,269	\$ 2,107 2,925,000 878,428	\$ 1,568 140,000 47,469		
	\$ 3,986,303	\$ -	\$ 180,768	\$ 3,805,535	\$ 189,037		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

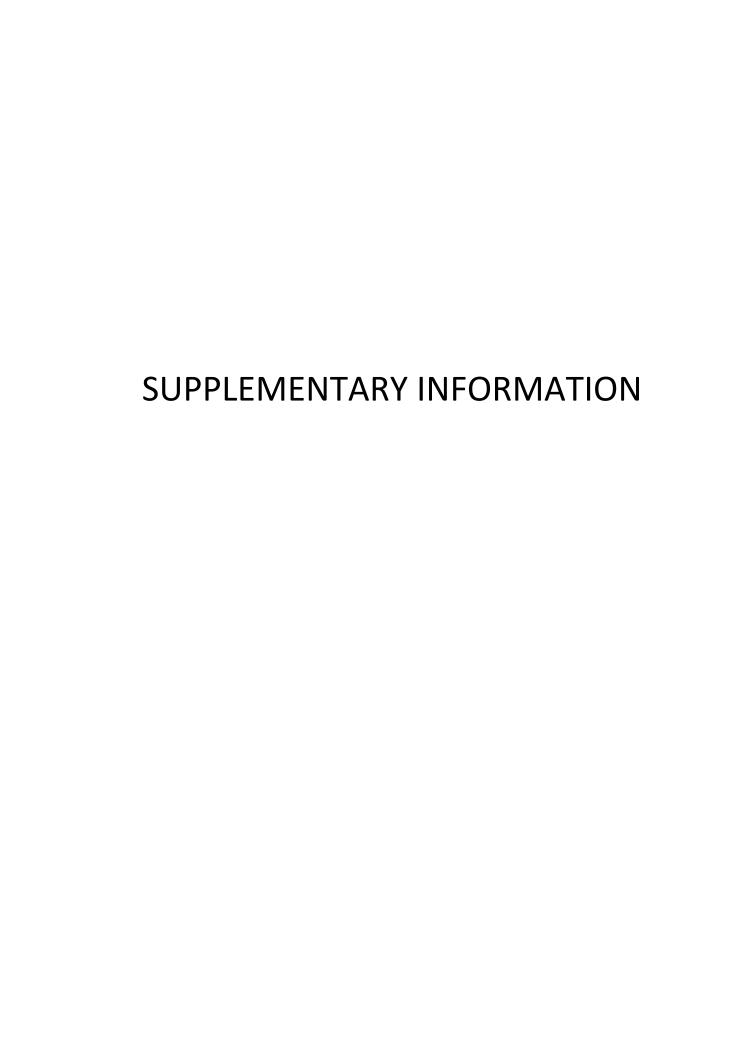
NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE - Continued

Following are maturities of long-term obligations for principal and interest for the next five years and in total:

	P	Principal		nterest
2024	\$	189,037	\$	232,499
2025	Y	201,439	Y	221,310
2026		935,059		170,074
2027		165,000		147,975
2028		175,000		138,900
2029 - 2033		1,045,000		524,100
2034 - 2037		1,095,000		170,700

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Orig	ginal Budget	Fir	nal Budget	Actual		\	/ariance
Revenues						_		
Local sources	\$	267,189	\$	430,869	\$	254,373	\$	(176,496)
State sources		4,037,705		4,400,010		4,376,370		(23,640)
Federal sources		637,979		790,453		749,176		(41,277)
Interdistrict sources		142,423		142,423		143,843		1,420
Total general fund revenues		5,085,296		5,763,755		5,523,762		(239,993)
Expenditures								
Instruction								
Basic programs		2,645,930		2,511,037		1,930,244		(580,793)
Added needs		613,706		723,778		825,711		101,933
Support services								
Pupil support services		79,296		79,158		105,431		26,273
Instructional staff support services		93,639		166,994		256,389		89,395
General administration		339,377		349,805		353,156		3,351
School administration		468,095		485,973		480,270		(5,703)
Business support services		10,000		5,750		5,250		(500)
Operations and maintenance		346,884		463,628		306,870		(156,758)
Pupil transportation services		30,250		157,250		16,747		(140,503)
Central support services		133,399		99,036		97,906		(1,130)
Athletic activities		25,350		26,000		26,870		870
Community services		30,440		130,341		74,826		(55,515)
Site improvement services		-		-		7,913		7,913
Capital outlay		-		-		337,317		337,317
Debt principal and interest		475,507		513,007		423,961		(89,046)
Total general fund								
expenditures		5,291,873		5,711,757		5,248,861		(462,896)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(206,577)		51,998		274,901		(222,903)
Fund balance - July 1, 2022		2,162,800		2,162,800		2,162,800		
Fund balance - June 30, 2023	\$	1,956,223	\$	2,214,798	\$	2,437,701	\$	(222,903)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS

		Special Revenue				
		Food		Student		
		Service	Activities		Total	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	- 46,734	\$	53,153 -	\$	53,153 46,734
Total assets	\$	46,734	\$	53,153	\$	99,887
ι	IABILITIES AND FUN	D BALANCE				
Liabilities Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	79	\$	79
Fund Balance Restricted	\$	46,734	\$	53,074	\$	99,808
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	46,734	\$	53,153	\$	99,887

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE — NON-MAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Revenue				
	Food		Student			
		Service	A	ctivities		Total
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	35,201	\$	53,391	\$	88,592
State sources		5,693		-		5,693
Federal sources		166,755		-		166,755
Total governmental fund revenues		207,649		53,391		261,040
Expenditures						
Operations and maintenance		9,749		-		9,749
Other student activities		-		73,760		73,760
Food services		171,633				171,633
Total governmental fund expenditures		181,382		73,760		255,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		26,267		(20,369)		5,898
Fund balance - July 1, 2022		20,467		73,443		93,910
Fund balance - June 30, 2023	\$	46,734	\$	53,074	\$	99,808

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Local Sources	
Earnings on investments	\$ 19,835
Other local revenues	 234,538
Total local sources	254,373
State Sources	
At risk	247,279
Special education	147,521
State aid	 3,981,570
Total state sources	4,376,370
Federal Sources	
Title I	150,971
Title II A	12,037
Title IV	7,222
Other program revenue	 578,946
Total federal sources	749,176
Interdistrict Sources	 143,843
Total general fund revenues	\$ 5,523,762

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Basic Programs	
Purchased services	\$ 1,681,407
Supplies and materials	244,402
Non-depreciable capital assets	3,160
Other expenditures	 1,275
Total basic programs	1,930,244
Added Needs	
Purchased services	822,534
Supplies and materials	 3,177
Total added needs	825,711
Pupil Support Services	
Speech pathology and audiology	79,635
Other pupil services	 25,796
Total pupil support services	105,431
Instructional Staff Support Services	
Purchased services	239,025
Supplies and materials	 17,364
Total instructional staff support services	256,389
General Administration	
Purchased services	353,156
School Administration	
Purchased services	464,754
Supplies and materials	3,780
Other expenditures	 11,736
Total school administration	480,270
Business Support Services	
Purchased services	5,000
Other expenditures	 250
Total business support services	5,250

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Purchased services	156,646
Repairs and maintenance	38,403
Supplies and materials	111,821
Total operations and maintenance	306,870
Pupil Transportation Services	
Rentals	1,068
Other expenditures	15,679
Total pupil transportation services	16,747
Central Support Services	
Purchased services	62,535
Supplies and materials	35,371
Total central support services	97,906
Athletic Activities	
Purchased services	26,870
Community Services	
Purchased services	63,206
Supplies and materials	11,620
Total community services	74,826
Site Improvement Services	
Non-depreciable capital assets	7,913
Capital Outlay	337,317
Debt Principal and Interest	423,961
Total general fund expenditures \$	5,248,861

APPENDIX

Federal Awards Report



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Renaissance Public School Academy

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Public School Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Renaissance Public School Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Renaissance Public School Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Renaissance Public School Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Renaissance Public School Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Renaissance Public School Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Croshay Laurei; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 30, 2023





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of Renaissance Public School Academy

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Renaissance Public School Academy's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Renaissance Public School Academy's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Renaissance Public School Academy's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Renaissance Public School Academy complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Renaissance Public School Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Renaissance Public School Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Renaissance Public School Academy's federal programs.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Renaissance Public School Academy's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Renaissance Public School Academy's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Renaissance Public School Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Renaissance Public School Academy's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Renaissance Public School Academy's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.



Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Croshay Kanni; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 30, 2023



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	Federal ALN	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2022	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2023	Current Year Cash Transferred To Subrecipient
Clusters:				•						
Child Nutrition Cluster - U.S. Department of Agriculture -										
Passed Through Michigan Department of Education:										
National School Lunch Program:										
Noncash Assistance (Commodities) -	N1 / A	10.555	\$ 14.678	<u> </u>	ć	ć	ć F.003	\$ 5,802	ć	\$ -
National School Lunch Program Commodities 2022-2023 National School Lunch Program Bonus Commodities 2022-2023	N/A N/A	10.555	\$ 14,678 1,182	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 5,802 1,182	\$ 5,802 1,182	\$ -	\$ -
National School Editor Program bonds Commodities 2022-2023	N/A	10.555				· ——	1,102	1,102		
Total National School Lunch Program Commodities Noncash Assistance		10.555	15,860	-	-	-	6,984	6,984	-	-
Cash Assistance -										
COVID-19 - Supply Chain Assistance 2022-2023	220910/230910	10.555	20,997	-	-	-	20,997	20,997	-	-
National School Lunch Program 2022-2023	221960/231960	10.555	112,288				108,884	112,288	3,404	
Total National School Lunch Program Cash and Noncash Assistance		10.555	149,145	-	-	-	136,865	140,269	3,404	-
National School Breakfast Program:										
National School Breakfast Program 2022-2023	221970/231970	10.553	25,858			<u> </u>	25,231	25,858	627	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			175,003	-	-	-	162,096	166,127	4,031	-
Other Federal Awards: U.S. Department of Agriculture - Passed Through the Michigan Department of Education: Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs: COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 2022	220980	10.649	628				628	628		
201.5 15 . dildeline EST 2000 ECVET COSTS 2022	220300	10.043	320				020	020		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Accrued		Federal Funds/		Accrued	Current Year
	Grant/		Approved	(Memo Only)	(Deferred)	Adjustments	Payments		(Deferred)	Cash
Program Title/Project	Project	Federal	Awards	Prior Year	Revenue at	and	In-kind		Revenue at	Transferred To
Number Subrecipient Name	Number	ALN	Amount	Expenditures	July 1, 2022	Transfers	Received	Expenditures	June 30, 2023	Subrecipient
Other Federal Awards (Continued):										
U.S. Department of Education -										
Passed Through the Michigan Department of Education:										
Title I, Part A: Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAS:										
Title I, Part A 2122	221530	84.010A	160,916	134,909	41,448	-	41,448	-	-	-
Title I, Part A 2223	231530	84.010A	150,971				106,001	150,971	44,970	
Total Title I Part A		84.010A	311,887	134,909	41,448	-	147,449	150,971	44,970	-
Title II, Part A: Supporting Effective Instruction:										
Title II, Part A 2122	220520	84.367	17,410	17,410	2,179	-	2,179	-	-	-
Title II, Part A 2223	230520	84.367	15,899				9,588	12,037	2,449	
Total Title II Part A		84.367	33,309	17,410	2,179	-	11,767	12,037	2,449	-
Title IV, Part A: Student Support and Academic Enrichment:										
Title II, Part A 2122	220750	84.424A	10,000	10,000	2,304	-	2,304	-	-	-
Title II, Part A 2223	230750	84.424A	10,000				5,753	7,222	1,469	
Total Title IV Part A		84.424A	20,000	10,000	2,304	-	8,057	7,222	1,469	-
Education Stabilization Fund:										
COVID-19 - Supplemental Elementary and Secondary School										
Emergency Relief (ESSER II) 2021	213712	84.425D	426,912	426,912	248,456	-	248,456	-	-	-
COVID-19 - ESSER III Formula – American Rescue Plan (ARP-ESSER) 2122	213713	84.425U	959,464	-	-	-	121,515	422,080	300,565	-
COVID-19 - ESSER II Discretionary – Section 23b(2a) Summer School 2122	213722	84.425D	55,000	54,435	9,039	-	9,039	-	-	-
COVID-19 - ESSER II – Section 98c Per-Pupil Payments for Learning Loss 2223	213782	84.425D	21,605					15,552	15,552	
Total Education Stabilization Fund			1,462,981	481,347	257,495		379,010	437,632	316,117	
Total Federal Awards			\$2,003,808	\$ 643,666	\$ 303,426	\$ -	\$ 709,007	\$ 774,617	\$ 369,036	\$ -

RECONCILIATION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEDERAL REVENUE AND RECEIVABLES WITH SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Revenues to Expenditures

Revenue from federal sources - As reported on modified accrual financial statements (includes all funds):

General Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$ 749,176 166,755
Subtotal	915,931
Prior year unavailable revenue collected	(9,039)
ARP Child Care Stabilization Grant not included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	 (132,275)
Federal expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 774,617
Receivables	
Receivables from federal sources - As reported on financial statements	\$ 387,999
Timing difference between Michigan Department of Education payment and Academy receipt per the Grant Auditor Report	(18,963)
Federal receivables per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 369,036

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Renaissance Public School Academy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Renaissance Public School Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Renaissance Public School Academy.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

Renaissance Public School Academy has elected to not use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - NONCASH ASSISTANCE

The value of the noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 - GRANT AUDITOR REPORT

Management has utilized the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Unreconciled differences, if any, have been disclosed to the auditor.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF THE AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements orepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:		<u>Unmo</u>	<u>dified</u>
nternal control over financial reporting:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		yes	<u>X</u> _no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 		yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	<u>X</u> _no
Federal Awards			
nternal control over major programs:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		yes	<u>X</u> no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 		yes	X none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major progra	ams:	<u>Unm</u>	<u>odified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported n accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?		yes	<u>X</u> no
dentification of major programs:			
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425	Name of Federal F Education Stabiliz		<u>uster</u>
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in 2 CFR section 200.	.518(b):	\$750,	,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes	<u>X</u> _no
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS			

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS NONE